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TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1965

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with
Israel Bonds

Slow Count Delays Talks On Coalition

Jerusalem Post Reporter
TEL AVIV. — Delays in tabulating the soldiers' vote for the Fourth Knesset have held up coalition negotiations for the time being.

The final count will not be known before Thursday.

All the parties are waiting for moves on the part of Mapai and especially Mr. Ben-Gurion. According to an official statement from the Prime Minister's Office on Monday night, however, Mr. Ben-Gurion had announced at Sunday's meeting of "Haavren" — Mapai's top policy-making body — that no move regarding the new coalition should be made until the final and authoritative election results were available.

Although "Haavren" is due to meet again today (Tuesday), the delay in the counting of votes will probably cause the Mapai leadership to postpone any action on coalition prospects.

Train Jumps Rails; No One Injured

HAIFA. — The 8.25 Haifa-Jerusalem passenger train jumped the rails near Mevo Betar, about 12 kms. from Jerusalem, at 9.30 on Monday morning. No one was hurt in the derailment.

A railcar was immediately despatched from the capital to pick up the passengers. They reached their destination after a 45-minute delay.

One passenger, Mrs. Alia Grauer, 33, of Jerusalem, was injured slightly in the leg when she stepped on a warning flare while walking along the track. She was given first aid at the M.D.A. station in Jerusalem and later sent home.

A repair train was sent to the scene at once and traffic on the line was resumed by 3 p.m.

The accident occurred on a stretch of the track where the rails are being changed. A Railways enquiry commission has already begun investigating the cause of the mishap.

The Railways' spokesman said that the front wheels of the first three coaches of the train jumped the track but the diesel locomotive was not derailed.

G. Avner Temporary Embassy Head in U.K.

POST Political Reporter

Mr. Gershon Avner, Director of the Foreign Ministry's U.S. Division, has been appointed Chargé d'Affaires ad interim of the Israel Embassy in London, and is to hold this post for several weeks until the Israel Ambassador to the Court of St. James is appointed.

Mr. Arthur Lourie, the Israeli Ambassador in Canada and Head of the Israel delegation to the U.N. Assembly, has been mentioned as a likely candidate for the London post.

The temporary appointment of Mr. Avner became necessary after Mr. Zev Sherk, Counsellor at the Embassy in London, was appointed Counsellor at the Israel Embassy in Paris, where he is later expected to become Minister. At the same time Mr. Avraham Liveran, the other Counsellor at the London Embassy, had to leave for New York to attend the sessions of the U.N. Allocations Committee, of which he is chairman.

Mr. Liveran has, in fact, concluded his London assignment and is to be appointed Director of the Foreign Ministry's British Commonwealth Division, replacing Mr. Zvi Loker, who is to receive an assignment abroad.



when he declared that he loved Borsht. Israelis agree with that. Especially now that they have Telma's delicious Borsht.

Here's an end-to-tedium borscht peeling and cooking. Only 7 minutes to prepare and a wonderful Borsht is yours.

Serve it to the family — hot or cold, according to taste.

Borsht with meat or milk dishes. (40c)

YEMEN EXPELS U.A.R. ADVISORS

All Egyptian advisors and military instructors in Yemen have been expelled by order of the Imam, the Israeli Arabic Broadcasting Service reported yesterday quoting La'eb, Yemen's foreign reporter.

The 80 advisors and in-

France, Saudia Clash in U.N. A-Test Debate

UNITED NATIONS (Reuter). — France and Saudi Arabia clashed in a heated exchange yesterday in the main Political Committee of the General Assembly during the debate on draft resolutions concerning "grave concern" over French intentions to test an atomic bomb in the Sahara desert.

The resolution, submitted by 23 Afro-Asian states, would urge France to "refrain from such tests."

The Saudi delegate, Ahmed Shukri, accused France of "glory mania" in planning the test and said it was "sterile for France to line up with the U.S. and the Soviet Union in the field of atomic power" because "in terms of resources and knowledge France is perhaps years behind."

The French delegate, M. Jules Moch, twice interrupted Shukri to protest against his reference to "glory mania" and other objectionable remarks, and requested that he be called to order. He described Shukri as a "professional inciter."

The Austrian Chairman of the Committee later called Shukri to order when the Saudi delegate referred to France as "a provocator."

At the opening of the debate, the delegates of Indonesia and Sudan claimed that French plans to explode an atomic bomb were a menace to the people of the area.

The U.S. delegate, Mr. Henry Cabot Lodge, pointed out that the Arab atomic bomb tests in the Nevada desert, 140 kms. from Las Vegas, were exploded at a shorter distance from inhabited centres than the planned French explosions in the Sahara.

Indonesia took the same position as the U.S. and supported its position, while its support for France to test was given first aid at the M.D.A. station in Jerusalem and later sent home.

An enclosed booklet pointed out that exports from 12 countries to manufacturing countries to the Middle East, which had already risen "will continue at a high rate."

A rise in oil revenues,

now approaching \$500m. a year, was largely responsible for this, the booklet added.

But Britain's share of Middle East exports in the last 10 years had fallen from 40.4 per cent to 24 per cent mainly because of the "intense activity" of some of its competitors. The West Germans, the Japanese and the Soviet bloc had been especially active, but Britain was in a strong position to compete.

Perce was currently Britain's best bet.

Prospects for the best in the Persian Gulf countries — Kuwait and Qatar had large oil revenues but their populations were relatively small — and Egypt appeared to welcome the resumption of trade with the United Kingdom.

U.K. Awaiting Details On Nile Water Accord

UNITED NATIONS (Reuter). — Britain expects to hear details of the agreement between Sudan and the U.A.R. on distributing the Nile waters, a Foreign Office spokesman said yesterday.

The spokesman told questioners at his daily press conference, "We welcome the agreement, although we do not yet know its terms."

The agreement was signed in Cairo on Sunday.

Britain, the spokesman said, had not inquired from either Sudan or the U.A.R. about its terms. However, she is interested in the distribution of Nile waters since the White Nile flows from Commonwealth African territories.

Reports from Washington, meanwhile, said that the U.A.R.-Sudanese agreement was expected to clear the way for the U.S. to back the consideration of a loan for the construction of a dam in Sudan.

The State Department has welcomed the agreement, and while no formal comment has been made, Department officials said it had removed an additional source of tension in the Middle East.

Glezos Not Guilty Of Insulting Authorities

ATHENS (Reuter). — Constantinos Glezos, 36, a former editor of an anti-American newspaper, was acquitted by the Athens Court on Monday of charges of "insulting the public authorities" in two articles published in an extreme left-wing newspaper, "Amghi," of which he was editor until last July.

Glezos, who was sentenced last July to two years imprisonment on charges of assisting Communists spies, was brought into court in handcuffs. He accepted responsibility for one article only.

The second article appeared on May 20 last, when he was already in jail awaiting trial before a military court on the charge of abetting espionage, on which he was sentenced last July.

U.K. Envoy Makes Balfour Day Speech

TEL AVIV. — The good will existing between Great Britain and Israel are such as to make possible not just relations between the governments but between the peoples. Great Britain's new Ambassador to Israel, Mr. Patrick Hancock, had a Balfour Day dinner on Monday at 20A.

The dinner, commemorating the 42nd anniversary of the Balfour Declaration, was given by the Israel-British Commonwealth Association.

This was Mr. Hancock's first public address in his new capacity.

Mr. Abba Eban discussed Israel's ties not only with Great Britain but with all members of the Commonwealth. He expressed the hope that Cyprus will also be our friend.

The first speaker of the evening was Mr. Mairi Green, Head of the Jewish Agency's Department of Foreign Relations. He was followed by Mr. Eliezer Elkin, former Ambassador to London.

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Social & Personal

President and Mrs. Men-Zvi on Monday entertained Dr. Nahum Goldmann, President of the World Zionist Organization to luncheon.

Mr. Ogden Reid, the US Ambassador, will leave later this week for New York to attend the wedding of his brother, Mr. Whitelaw Reid on Saturday. The Ambassador will return to Tel Aviv on November 15.

U.J.A. Arrive

(Continued from Page One)

Treasurer, respectively, of the Jewish Agency.

The group's intensive tour will culminate on November 19. A high spot of the mission's stay will be a visit to the Friede Schiff Warburg Home for the Aged, a Malben institution at Natanya, tomorrow (Wednesday) evening. The occasion will mark the tenth anniversary of the founding of Malben in Israel.

Dr. Giorgi Josephphish, Secretary of Mapai and former

Treasurer of the Jewish Agency, will speak, along with Mr. Warburg.

Members of the mission were at the airport by Mr. T. Kelle, Director General of the Prime Minister's Office; Mr. G. Zakkai, General Secretary of the Jewish Agency; and Mr. Moishe Karmiel, Director of the Agency's Information Department.

Members of the National Cam-

paign Cabinet included F. Gordon Borowsky, Philadelphia; Ne-

phew M. Cohen, Pittsburgh;

James L. Perlmutt, Birmingham;

Leonard Ratner, Cleveland, and

Joseph Talman, Worcester, Mass.

Other members of the mission

are: Mrs. Morris Karmiel,

Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Barnett,

Louisville, Ky.; Samuel A. Bas-

min, Pittsburgh; Mrs. Morris

Leibowitz, New York; Mrs.

and Mrs. Julian Koffman, New

Orleans; Mr. and Mrs. Irving

Kramer, White Plains, N.Y.

and Mr. and Mrs. Julian Koff-

man, New York; Mr. and Mrs.

Amos Deinard, Minneapolis; Mr.

Dubin, New York; Mr. and Mrs.

Walter L. Field, Detroit; Mrs.

Max M. Fisher, New York;

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Gersten

Detroit; Mr. and Mrs. Edward

Ginsberg, Cleveland; Charles

Goldberg, Denver; Nat C. Gold-

berg, West Palm Beach, Fla.;

Morris A. Goldstein, New York;

and Mr. and Mrs. Leo Gross,

Minneapolis.

Also: Robert Hirsch, Bridge-

ton; Com. Lt. Col. Edward

General, Switzerland; Mr. and

Mrs. Paul Karpelos, New Or-

leans; Mr. and Mrs. Irving

Kramer, White Plains, N.Y.

and Mr. and Mrs. Julian Koff-

man, New York; Mr. and Mrs.

Samuel Lebowitz, York;

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Levin, Cle-

veland; Raphael Levy, New York;

Mr. and Mrs. Marvin W. Mat-

zohar, New York; Mr. and Mrs.

Harvey Meyerhoff, Baltimore;

Mr. and Mrs. Michael New York;

Mr. and Mrs. Morris New York;

Mr. and Mrs. Julian Koff-

man, New York; Mr. and Mrs.

Irving Moss, Los Angeles; Mr. and

Mrs. Joseph Ottenseter, Wash-

ington; Mr. and Mrs. Thomas

Ottenseter, Washington; Dr.

Samuel F. Pasmanik, Newark;

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Ratner, Cle-

veland; and Mr. and Mrs. Donald Robin-

son, Pittsburgh.

Also: Mr. and Mrs. Herbert

Goldstein, Ohio; Mr. and

Mrs. Nathan Friedman, Boston;

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Levin, Lorain,

Ohio; Mr. and Mrs. Marvin S. Schapiro,

Pittsburgh; Mr. and Mrs. Jack

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Also accompanying the mission

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TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1958

The Weather

Forecast: Variable amount of medium and high clouds with possibility of local showers. Wind: Westerly. Low pressure over the Balkans causes warm air to penetrate into our region from the South, forming medium and high level clouds.

Mr. Canan	28	18	22	22
Tiberias	28	21	30	28
Haifa Port	28	19	28	27
Natanya	28	16	26	26
Tel Aviv	28	19	24	26
Tel Aviv Port	28	19	24	26
Lydda Airport	28	14	26	27
Jerusalem	28	15	26	24
Bnei Brak	28	17	21	30

"A" Humidity at 8 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maximum temp. yesterday. D) Maximum temp. expected today.

ARRIVALS

Mr. David Tanne, Head of the Housing Department, and Mr. Zvi Edelstein, Head of the Planning and Engineering Department, from a four-day official visit to Cyprus (by S.E.A.).

Mr. Edwin Samuel from a Hebrew University mission to Britain.

Mr. Eliezer Lerner, El Al spokesman, from a week's visit to Europe, in connection with the encouragement of winter tourism (by S.E.A.).

Mr. and Mrs. Max Silverstein and Mr. and Mrs. Adam Rose, of New York, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Meyer Weisgal at Rehovot.

Chodorov Hurt, Won't Play Against Brazil

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Coachkeeper Ya'akov Chodorov will not be facing the Brazilian Olympic Soccer XI at Ramat Gan on Wednesday. Chodorov was injured in a League match on Saturday, and will not be back in shape in time, it was learned here on Monday.

Gyula Mandy, the Selected's trainer, will choose either Portal, the Young Haifa Ha-poel goalie, or Buch Petach Tikva's Maccabi. He has dropped Visokor of Petah Tikva Ha-poel who played against Poland in Wroclaw.

The "possibles" from whom Mandy will choose his team against the Brazilians, enter training at the Valdor Hostel in Herzliya on Sunday.

The Brazilians, who are on a tour of Europe, will arrive in Haifa in the S.S. Messenia this afternoon (Tuesday). They will also play a Haifa selected on Sunday, November 15 at half-time.

Brazil Beats Cyprus

LIMASSOL (Reuter). — The selected Brazilian soccer team, which is on its way to tour Israel, beat the Cypriot side, A.E.L., 2-0 here yesterday. The Brazilians led 1-0 at half-time.

PETROL FIRE AT AIRPORT

LYDDA AIRPORT. — Firemen from El Al and Petah Tikva brought powerful foam extinguishers into play late Monday afternoon to put out a fire next to the new runway being built here. The blaze destroyed a tool shed used by the National Engineering Company, the runway contractors. Barrels of petrol fed in the shack fed the flames. It is believed the fire broke out through the carelessness of a worker on the runway.

Technion Engineers to Head Addis Ababa College

Jerusalem Post Bureau

HAIFA. — Mr. Ephraim Spira, of the Technion's Faculty of Civil Engineering, has been appointed Dean of the Government Engineering College in Addis Ababa.

The Technion spokesman announced that Mr. Spira will remain in Ethiopia for three years. The Government college, was founded in 1955.

A similar position is now held by Dr. D. Armon, also of the Technion's Civil Engineering faculty.

Six Fly to Rome To See Olympic Set-Up

LYDDA AIRPORT. — Six Israelis flew to Rome on Monday at the invitation of the Italian Olympics Committee, the Italian Tourist Office and Alitalia. They will spend three days in Rome to inspect the stadium and installations to be used in the 1960 Olympic Games.

The six are Dr. Alexander Abramov, of Kibbutz Yisrael, and The Jerusalem Post; Mr. Moshe Levin of The Jerusalem Post, Mr. Baruch Sheinberg of "Davar"; Mr. Shalom Zyman, Chairman of the Israel Olympic Committee, and two representatives of Pal-tours.

(Itim)

Irwin Glaser

Jerusalem

Maya Ordinan

Bat Yam

MARRIED

November, 1958.

We announce in great sorrow the death of our Mother and Grandmother

NAOMI BARKAY

who died on November 8, 1958.

The funeral will leave today, Tuesday, November 10, 1958, at 11 a.m. from the Asuts Hospital to the Nachlat Tzahav Cemetery.

Her children, Asia, Musa Barkay and Families;

Her children, Ben, Katz Barkay and Families, Paris;

Her grandchildren, Michel, Days and Faigy, Brussels;

Potok, Minkowitz, Gluckman and Felix Families.

Army Vote Swings Local Seats

The soldiers' vote — whose results have only begun to come in — has wrought considerable changes in the composition of a number of local authorities, swinging seats, which had been in the balance, by only a few votes to one party or the other. A communiqué from the Army spokesman, minimizing the possible effect of the soldiers' vote, failed to take into consideration the delicate balances set up in many localities. The spokesman had based his statement on the fact that many soldiers had voted at home and that a large proportion were under age.

Haifa Unchanged

TEL AVIV. — The soldiers' vote made no changes in the distribution of seats in the Haifa Municipality. The count was completed early Monday morning.

Altogether, 78.45 per cent of the eligible voters cast their ballots, and 94,870 votes were counted.

Mapai, which polled 42.95 per cent of the votes, will have nine Councillors, an increase of one. The General Zionists, with 11.54 per cent, have three council members. However, they have lost the support of the Sephardi General Zionist Councilor, whose list did not contend the election.

Herut and Adut Ha'avoda will again have two councillors, while the National Religious, Torah Religious, Mapai and Progressive parties remain unchanged with one Councillor each.

The Communists have lost their lone representative, the Romanian Immigrant Party, a seat, won by the National Religious, Progressive, Adut Ha'avoda, Sephardim and the new local list "Ayn" one each.

Parties: Hanna: Mapai, four; National Religious, Mapai, two; National Religious, Adut Ha'avoda, Sephardim and the new local list "Ayn" one each.

Zichron Ya'acov: Mapai, four; General Zionists, three; National Religious, two.

Binjamin: Mapai four; General Zionists and Herut, two each; National Religious, Adut Ha'avoda, one; a local list "Ayn" one each.

Part Shemesh: Mapai and Independent North Africans, four each; Herut, one.

Petah Tikva: Mapai, five seats; National Religious, Herut and the local Iraqi Immigrant's list, two; mapai and Communists, one seat each. Of the soldiers' votes, some 40% were invalidated, most of them because the soldiers were under age.

Members of the Elections Committee and representatives of Herut, Mapai, the Communists, the General Zionists, Adut Ha'avoda and the North African Independent list refused to sign the Elections Committee's final protocol in view of Herut and Communist claims of irregularities in that a municipal social worker and municipal physician worked on election day.

Seat Swing To Likud in Tiberias

TIBERIAS. — The soldiers' vote here shifted one mandate from Mapai's column to the Independent North African (Likud) list. Of the 13 Council seats, Mapai received five, Herut 2, and one seat each went to Agudat Yisrael, National Religious, Mapai, Adut Ha'avoda, Independent North African, and General Zionists.

Histadrut Convention Set for Next Month

ASHKELON. — The municipal elections to the Kiryat Gat Council — the first since May's elections — will be held between December 22 and 25, it was decided by the Histadrut Central Committee on Monday. The convention was originally to have been held on July 18, but was later postponed due to the Government crisis and the approaching Knesset elections.

The agenda will be fixed at next week's Central Committee meeting.

GUINEAN LABOUR GROUP DUE TODAY

TEL AVIV. — The first delegation of trade union leaders from Guinea is due to arrive here today for a fortnight's visit as guests of the Histadrut. It was announced on Monday.

ISRAEL CO-OPS CAN BE ADAPTED TO CANADA

Jerusalem Post Reporter

"The basic principles of cooperatives, as they have developed in Israel, can be adapted to conditions in Canada."

This was stated in Jerusalem on Monday by Mr. T. C. Douglas, Premier of the Saskatchewan Provincial Government, who is completing a one-week study tour of Israel on Tuesday.

Mr. Douglas is the only member of the Cooperative Commonwealth Federation, Canada's Socialist Party, to head a provincial government. He is accompanied on his current visit by his wife.

President Ben-Zvi received him on Monday.

Mr. Douglas said that he

had been "tremendously impressed" by what he had seen here, describing it as somewhat akin to a "modern miracle."

Saskatchewan has 20 cooperative farms whose members farm the land jointly, although they do not eat in communal dining hall. The cooperative movement is steadily expanding, he said.

Mr. Douglas, following a brief visit to the Old City, he returned to Israel to visit Canada Forest in the Jerusalem Corridor. He was a guest of Mr. Y. Tsur, Acting Director-General of the Foreign Ministry. In the afternoon, he toured Jerusalem, leaving for Tel Aviv in the evening to attend the Balfour Dinner.

At a meeting of the par-

liament concerned, presided over by Mr. I. Vardimov, the District Commissioner, it was agreed to determine the fate of the seat by drawing lots. The draw will be held within the next few days.

Mapai Gets 5 Seats Of 11 in Bat Yam

BAT YAM. — Including solders' votes, seats on the Bat Yam Municipal Council are distributed as follows:

Mapai 5; the National Religious 2; Herut 2; Progressives 1; Mapam 1. Mapam and the Progressives were not represented in the outgoing Council.

With five of the 11 seats, Mapai can form a coalition with either Mapam, the Progressives or both.

COPOTER. — The first Soviet helicopter bought by an Austrian firm is being assembled at Klangfurt airport for its first test flight.

(Itim)

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THE JERUSALEM POST

TICKETS TO FASHION SHOW GOING FAST

Aguda Loses Seat in Jerusalem Tally

The bargaining position of Agudat Yisrael in Jerusalem has been weakened considerably now that the final election results give them only three seats instead of the four it was originally thought they had won.

They lost the fourth seat to Herut at 3 a.m. yesterday when the Jerusalem Election Committee finished counting the soldiers' vote (as reported briefly in "After Midnight" yesterday).

The future Council will be composed of Mapai, eight seats; Herut, four; Agudat Yisrael, three; National Religious, three; and one each for the Progressives, Adut Ha'avoda and Iraqi Immigrants.

Before the soldiers' vote was counted, Agudat Yisrael led in the contest for the fourth seat by 48 votes. However, of the 1,234 valid soldiers' ballots, it received 542 votes, against Herut's 271. Mapai received 599 votes, nearly half of the valid soldiers' votes. This was enough to ensure its keeping its eighth seat.

The General Zionists locked only four votes to their seat, and will not be represented in the new Council.

Other Results

Localities where the soldiers' vote caused no change in the composition of the local councils as previously determined by the civilian vote were:

Haifa: Mapai, five; Herut and General Zionists, two each; Mapam, National Religious, Adut Ha'avoda, Sephardim and the new local list "Ayn" one each.

Pardes Hanna: Mapai, four; National Religious, two each; Mapam, National Religious, Adut Ha'avoda, Sephardim and two local lists, "Ayn" one each.

Yad Hashoa: Mapai, five; National Religious, two each; Mapam, National Religious, Adut Ha'avoda, Sephardim and the new local list "Ayn" one each.

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Tuesday, November 10, 1960

6 Heshvan, 5720. 9 Jumad Awal, 1379

IT is proper that the arrival of the Sixth U.J.A. mission should coincide with the tenth anniversary of the Malben celebrations.

U.J.A. AND MALBEN Israel. To a large extent, Malben, as a function of the American Joint Distribution Committee, draws its income from the U.J.A. and many of the prominent personalities associated with the U.J.A. mission are deeply interested in the activities of Malben, not the least being Mr. Edward M.M. Warburg, the Hon. Chairman of U.J.A. for the past four years, who is now chairman of Malben and will preside at the celebration to be held at the Schiff Warburg Home at Netanya tomorrow.

As the largest agency of the A.J.D.C., Malben is a prime example of what is done with the income of the U.J.A. by specialized agencies, as distinct from the massive contribution U.J.A. has made in shou-

dering the major share of the cost of settlement and absorption of immigrants since 1948. Malben alone has spent no less than \$95m. in this country since it began work, talking on the burden of the hardcore cases which constitute the greatest single human problem in immigration absorption.

It is not, as is generally supposed, the body which deals with the aged and incurable, although this forms a large part of its programme. Malben has also branched out into the more complicated areas of the social-service field. It deals with retarded children; in cooperation with the Ministry of Health it has made a nation-wide survey of mental cases and mental installations and has worked out a programme for expansion and development of the care of such mentally ill. It will be a 50-50 partner of the Ministry in the capital investment required. It also deals with rehabilitation of the handicapped, care of the blind and housing for the aged and infirm.

Malben maintains 29 institutions with a total capacity of 6,000 beds and its average yearly turnover is 18,000 persons.

The U.J.A. mission will not, however, be asked to make its study of just this one aspect of U.J.A. work.

The sixth and largest group to come under these special auspices will make an intensive 10-day study of the needs and problems of Israel. It will also be able to see what the U.J.A. has done to meet these needs in the past, how it has contributed to the integration of nearly a million new immigrants in less than 12 years; and how much still needs to be done.

There is no external emergency this year, and immigration has not swelled into the sudden stream that was anticipated at the beginning of the year. This lightens the technical problem, but it also makes it more difficult to arouse the sympathy and emotion that are required to launch the Appeal in the United States. Among other material that they will be shown is a special illustrated magazine "Assignment 1960," that might create the impression that Israel is wholly populated by the destitute, the doity and the incurable. Their own open eyes will reassure them that, however serious the problem of the underprivileged, Israel is not a country sunk in misery.

This time there is just simply the hard grind of the whole people of Israel who must tackle the problems of final absorption for all. These include the education of the whole community, so that there shall not emerge two classes: slum clearance, vocational training for adults; all the problems of a small State, with a struggling economy which is at the same time the last hope and only home of Jewish derelicts from several countries which will not permit the able-bodied or qualified to leave. The U.J.A. mission now represents the leadership of the Jewish world concerned with this problem, and must properly assess and meet the challenge.

West Divided in Two Camps

Lloyd Off to Paris in Search of Pre-Summit Unity

By ROBERT STEPHENS

LONDON (OFNB).—MR. Harold Macmillan's Government let it be known almost immediately after its recent reshuffle that it was much concerned about the coolness which had developed between itself and West European Governments, and would give high priority to clearing up differences and misunderstandings, particularly with France and West Germany.

Mr. Selwyn Lloyd's two-day visit to Paris on Wednesday and Thursday is the first step in this direction. This British-European problem has now become to a certain extent engulfed in the broader conflict inside the Western alliance over the timing and nature of a summit conference and the right policy to adopt towards Russia.

Although the President de Gaulle is the strongest in his dispute, in fact most of Nato is involved. Britain and the United States lean to one side and France and West Germany to the other. Norway and Denmark support the Anglo-U.S. thesis and most of the other members of the European Six-Power community support the Franco-German thesis—although Belgium has shown a strong pro-American attitude.

It is also torn between her solidarity with the Six and the strong influence of U.S. views.

Difficult Task

An attempt will be made to resolve these differences at the Western summit meeting, planned for December 19 in Paris. So on one of the main issues which has divided Britain from her chief West European allies, it is unlikely that Mr. Lloyd will be able to make much progress this week. His task will be the more difficult because his main conversations will be with the French Foreign Minister, M. Colette de Murville, and it is no secret that the Quai d'Orsay now say there is relatively little influence on French foreign policy. In this, as in other matters of Government, President de Gaulle is the only man who counts.

All the same, Mr. Lloyd will presumably try to prepare the way for the Western summit, if not for the East-West summit itself. He will urge the Western view that the summit must be held as soon as possible, with disarmament, Berlin and Germany, with the aim of obtaining at least an interim agreement on Berlin. The British believe that this summer's Geneva conference of Foreign Ministers showed that an interim Berlin agreement was possible. But it is doubtful whether he will be able to overcome French scepticism on this point. In fact, even the combined efforts of Presidents Eisenhower and Mr. Macmillan may not prove sufficient to overcome French and German objections to taking up at the summit the kind of negotiation over Berlin which was being conducted by the Foreign Ministers at Geneva.

French Demands

There are several other sources of Anglo-French friction which concern not Britain alone but also the U.S. There is General de Gaulle's proposal for a reorganization of Nato and for the establishment of a kind of three-Power directorate of the U.S., Britain and France for Western policy throughout the world.

There is his parallel determination to make France a nuclear Power with its own share of the deterrent. And there is his suspicion that Anglo-U.S. influence is being used against France in Africa.

ROYALTY SUPPORTS ZIONIST FUND

By S. J. GOLDSMITH
Jerusalem Post Reporter

LONDON.—

THESE two charities need all the help they can get." This is a quotation from the message of the Duke of Edinburgh, printed alongside his photograph in the lavish programme for the Royal Midnight Matinee in aid of the National Playing Fields Association and Jewish National Fund Charitable Trust.

Any charity would have been put on the map by an endorsement of the Queen's husband; for the Duke to endorse a Zionist charity is a step of interest and significance, even if we make allowance for the fact that this particular charity was in partnership with his own favourite cause—the playing Fields Association, which provides spaces where boys and girls can play in underprivileged areas. This is the second time the Duke has opened out in support of the Jewish National Fund. The first time he did it was when he attended and addressed a dinner to inaugurate the Queen Elizabeth Coronation Forest of the Jewish National Fund.

Apart from this no mean achievement to make France a nuclear Power with its own share of the deterrent. And there is his suspicion that Anglo-U.S. influence is being used against France in Africa.

AT THE CINEMA

Good Moments

Room at the Top (Chen, Tel Aviv) is based on John Basing's impressive first novel which described the fight of an under-privileged to move out of his own class into the bright, glittering world of those with money and position.

Double Plot (Willy Nilly) is a son of the drab, mean streets of England's industrial north. After the war he leaves his hometown for an accountant's job in the borough council of a more attractive city. By joining the amateur dramatic society he makes the acquaintance of Susan Brown (Heather Sears), only daughter of a millionaire (Donald Wolf), and determines that she will provide him with the life he wants. But while Susan does fall in love with him, he himself falls in love with an older woman, Alice Aigill (Simone Signoret) which does not prevent him from seducing Susan and thus making her parents consent to the marriage.

Directed by Jack Clayton with evident honesty of purpose and feel for character, extremely well acted by Simon Signoret and sufficiently well acted by the rest of the cast, the film yet fails to make anything like the impact of the book.

There are some good moments and a number of convincing scenes, notably the weekend that Joe and Alice spend in the rainy countryside, the seduction of Susan, with the girl all coquettish and the man all coolness and calculation, and the luncheon scene when Mr. Brown tackles Joe and the whole picture does not "click". It lacks the harshness and drive that gave the book power.

A film that is superior to the usual run-of-the-mill offering but does not quite make the grade.

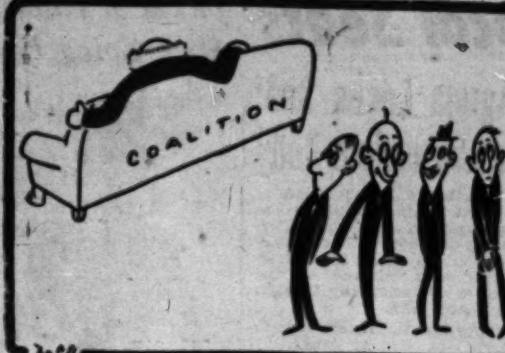
Wise Comedy

Unless Comedy

François Petit irresistible will be able to take Julie Lo

Hause (said over at the

THE CANDIDATES



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Reparations in Special Cases

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir.—The West German states have made a decision of far-reaching importance to all Israelis concerned, as reported in "Yediot Hadashot" on July 20. On the basis of the Federal Restitution Law (Betr) they will make grants out of a special fund for hardship cases (Haute fonds) to persons who have no other chance of settling their restitution claims.

Branch offices to deal with such hardship cases are to receive millions of DM for this purpose. Considerable sums are, for example, to be paid by way of support for sojourn at first-class convalescent homes and health resorts (at special rates), for the acquisition of household appliances and housing and for rehabilitation.

A special branch office of our Foundation has already been established for Israelis in Berlin with the authorization of the Federation authorities. Our Foundation is the only one of its kind in the Federal Republic; preliminaries for its work have

been completed and claims his article the author, C. W. Hill, writes:

"There seems to be something in the aesthetic atmosphere of newly independent countries which stimulates their artists to outstanding achievements, especially in the field of postage stamp design. Late Ghana, Indonesia, Egypt and, after a hesitant start, India, have all provided evidence to support this theory, but perhaps the most shining example is to be found in the stamps of Israel. As a rule one has only to show a non-collector a page or two of Israeli issues to provoke from him, or her, expressions of incredulity that a stamp could be so cleverly designed, so brightly coloured, so beautifully printed and, withal, such a good investment."

What else could one say to rebuke Mr. Porath's unjustified attack?

Yours, etc.
F.W. POLLACK
Fellow, Royal Philatelic Society, London

Hersilia, October 29.

CELESTIAL BODY

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir.—In your issue of yesterday, there was a report about "mystery objects seen in sky" over Tel Aviv. I want to tell you that I saw the object in Haifa, too. It was a little after 9.00 p.m. While I was standing on the balcony of the "Moriah" cinema on Mt. Carmel, the bright object with a long tail sped from east toward west.

Last autumn I happened to see the same thing, only much brighter, in Japan. Tokyo Meteorological Observatory announced at that time that the object was a most unusual meteor.

Yours, etc.
EDITH YAMADA
Haifa, November 4.

PEN FRIENDS

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir.—I read with surprise Eliezer Porath's letter in your issue of October 27, complaining about the decline in the quality of Israel stamp designs and production.

I happen to be in constant touch with hundreds of collectors of Israel stamps in the world. Jews and non-Jews alike, and I know that they are as keen as ever to acquire all the new stamps of our country.

The Duke of Norfolk, Premier Duke of England and the most exalted Catholic layman in the United Kingdom, who is Deputy Chairman of the National Playing Fields Association, also writes in his message of "two more deserving charities" apart from the political aspect of such praise for the Keren Kayemet, it makes Anglo-Jews feel good. They turned out in large numbers, but did even more than that: the 156-page programme is full of expensive advertisements, of which 96 per cent come from Jewish firms. Most of the artists of the show were also Jewish, and the star of the evening—or shall I say the early morning—was Danny Kaye. He excelled himself this time conducting the London Philharmonic Orchestra, after which he took it through one number. Danny Kaye then showed the same piece being conducted by a symphony conductor, after which he took charge of the Finale and solemnly conducted the Philharmonic Orchestra and the assembled artists on stage in "God Save the Queen."

Apart from this no mean achievement to make France a nuclear Power with its own share of the deterrent. And there is his suspicion that Anglo-U.S. influence is being used against France in Africa.

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